Federal Acquisition Regulation

Computer monitor means a video display unit used with a computer.

Desktop computer means a computer designed for use on a desk or table.

Notebook computer means a portablestyle or laptop-style computer system.

Personal computer product means a notebook computer, a desktop computer, or a computer monitor, and any peripheral equipment that is integral to the operation of such items. For example, the desktop computer together with the keyboard, the mouse, and the power cord would be a personal computer product. Printers, copiers, and fax machines are not included in peripheral equipment, as used in this definition.

[72 FR 73217, Dec. 26, 2007]

23.702 Authorities.

- (a) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.).
- (b) National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8262g).
- (c) Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 13101, et seq.).
- (d) Executive Order 13148 of April 21, 2000, Greening the Government through Leadership in Environmental Management.
- (e) Executive Order 13101 of September 14, 1998, Greening the Government through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition.
- (f) Executive Order 13123 of June 3, 1999, Greening the Government through Efficient Energy Management.
- (g) Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (FSRIA) (7 U.S.C. 8102).
- (h) Executive Order 13221 of July 31, 2001, Energy Efficient Standby Power Devices.
- (i) Executive Order 13423 of January 24, 2007, Strengthening Federal Environmental, Energy, and Transportation Management.

[60 FR 28497, May 31, 1995, as amended at 65 FR 36020, June 6, 2000; 66 FR 65353, Dec. 18, 2001; 68 FR 43869, July 24, 2003; 72 FR 63045, Nov. 7, 2007; 72 FR 73217, Dec. 26, 2007]

23.703 Policy.

Agencies must—

(a) Implement cost-effective contracting preference programs promoting energy-efficiency, water conservation, and the acquisition of envi-

ronmentally preferable products and services; and

- (b) Employ acquisition strategies that affirmatively implement the following environmental objectives:
- (1) Maximize the utilization of environmentally preferable products and services (based on EPA-issued guidance).
- (2) Promote energy-efficiency and water conservation.
- (3) Eliminate or reduce the generation of hazardous waste and the need for special material processing (including special handling, storage, treatment, and disposal).
- (4) Promote the use of nonhazardous and recovered materials.
 - (5) Realize life-cycle cost savings.
- (6) Promote cost-effective waste reduction when creating plans, drawings, specifications, standards, and other product descriptions authorizing material substitutions, extensions of shelf-life, and process improvements.
- (7) Promote the use of biobased products.
- (8) Purchase only plastic ring carriers that are degradable (7 USC 8102(c)(1), 40 CFR part 238).

[65 FR 36020, June 6, 2000, as amended at 66 FR 65353, Dec. 18, 2001; 72 FR 63045, Nov. 7, 2007]

23.704 Application to Governmentowned or -leased facilities.

Executive Order 13101, Section 701, requires that contracts for contractor operation of a Government-owned or -leased facility and contracts for support services at a Government-owned or -operated facility include provisions that obligate the contractor to comply with the requirements of the order. Compliance includes developing programs to promote and implement cost-effective waste reduction and affirmative procurement programs required by 42 U.S.C. 6962 for all products designated in EPA's Comprehensive Procurement Guideline (40 CFR part 247).

[65 FR 36020, June 6, 2000]

23.705 Electronic products environmental assessment tool.

(a) General. As required by E.O. 13423, agencies must ensure that they meet at least 95 percent of their annual acquisition requirement for electronic